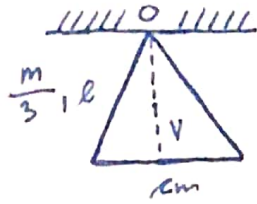


1. KZ - F2 2019.

□ $M = 0,3 \text{ kg}$

$l = 5 \text{ cm}$

$T = ?$



$D = \frac{V}{2}$

$V = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} l \Rightarrow D = \frac{\sqrt{3} l}{4} \quad (*) \quad \textcircled{1}$

$D = 0,0216 \text{ m}$

$T = 2\pi \sqrt{\frac{I}{MgD}} \quad (1)$

$I = 2 \cdot I_{\text{verts}} + I_0 + md^2, \quad d = V \quad (2) \quad \textcircled{1}$

$I_{\text{verts}} = \frac{1}{3} ml^2$

$I_0 = \frac{1}{12} ml^2 \quad (3) \quad \textcircled{0,5}$

$(3) \rightarrow (2) \quad ; \quad m = \frac{M}{3}$

$I = 2 \cdot \frac{1}{3} \cdot \frac{M}{3} l^2 + \frac{1}{12} \cdot \frac{M}{3} l^2 + \frac{M}{3} \cdot \left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} l\right)^2$

$I = \frac{2}{9} Ml^2 + \frac{1}{33} Ml^2 + \frac{1}{4} Ml^2 = \frac{199}{396} Ml^2 \quad (4)$

$I = \frac{199}{396} \cdot 0,3 \cdot (5 \cdot 10^{-2})^2 = \underline{\underline{3,765 \cdot 10^{-4} \text{ kgm}^2}} \quad \textcircled{1}$

$(4), (*) \rightarrow (1)$

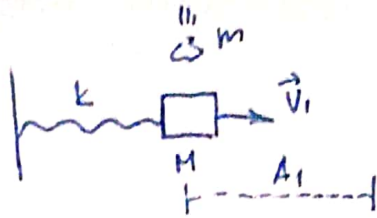
$T = 2\pi \sqrt{\frac{\frac{199}{396} Ml^2}{M \cdot g \cdot \frac{\sqrt{3} l}{4}}}$

$T = 2\pi \sqrt{\frac{\frac{199}{396} l}{\frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} g}} = 2\pi \sqrt{\frac{\frac{199}{396} \cdot (5 \cdot 10^{-2})}{\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \cdot 9,81}}$

$T = 0,342 \text{ s}$ $\textcircled{1}$

$f = \frac{1}{T} = \boxed{2,95 \text{ Hz}} \quad \textcircled{0,5}$

2) $M = 15 \text{ kg}$
 $k = 0,12 \text{ N/m}$
 $m = 15 \cdot 10^{-3} \text{ kg}$
Answer = ?



z.o.e. PRIME:

$$E_1 = \frac{1}{2} k A_1^2 = \frac{1}{2} M v_1^2 \Rightarrow v_1 = \sqrt{\frac{k}{M}} A_1 \quad (1) \quad \textcircled{1}$$

z.o.k.g.:

$$M v_1 + 0 = (M+m) v_2 \Rightarrow v_2 = \frac{M}{M+m} \cdot v_1 \quad (2) \quad \textcircled{2}$$

z.o.e. MAXW:

$$E_2 = \frac{1}{2} (M+m) v_2^2 = \frac{1}{2} \frac{M^2}{M+m} v_1^2 = \frac{M}{M+m} \left(\frac{1}{2} M v_1^2 \right) = \frac{M}{M+m} E_1 \quad (+) \quad \textcircled{3}$$

$$E_2 = \frac{1}{2} k A_2^2$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{2} k A_2^2 = \frac{M}{M+m} \cdot \frac{1}{2} k A_1^2$$

$$A_2 = A_1 \sqrt{\frac{M}{M+m}} \quad \textcircled{4}$$

$$\boxed{A_2 = 0,995 A_1} \quad \textcircled{5}$$

3

$$E = \frac{\sigma}{2\epsilon_0} \quad (*)$$

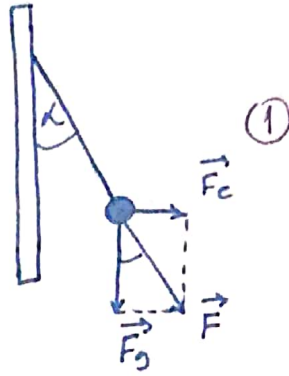
$$\epsilon_0 = 8,85 \cdot 10^{-12} \text{ C}^2/\text{Nm}^2$$

$$\sigma = 3 \cdot 10^{-5} \text{ C/m}^2$$

$$m = 10^{-3} \text{ kg}$$

$$d = 300$$

$$Q = ?$$



$$\tan \alpha = \frac{F_c}{F_g} \quad (1) \quad (1)$$

$$F_c = E \cdot Q = \frac{\sigma}{2\epsilon_0} \cdot Q \quad (2) \quad (2)$$

$$F_g = m \cdot g$$

$$(2) \rightarrow (1)$$

$$\tan \alpha = \frac{\frac{\sigma Q}{2\epsilon_0 m g}}{1} \Rightarrow Q = \frac{2\epsilon_0 m g \tan \alpha}{\sigma} = \boxed{3,3 \text{ nC}} \quad (1)$$

4

$$Q_k = 2e$$

$$e = 1,62 \cdot 10^{-19} \text{ C}$$

$$m_k = 4 m_p$$

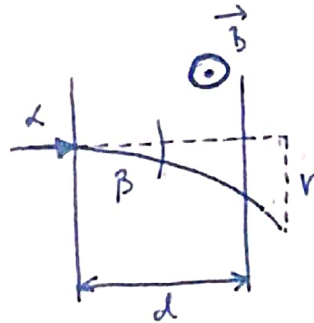
$$m_p = 1,67 \cdot 10^{-27} \text{ kg}$$

$$U = 250 \cdot 10^3 \text{ V}$$

$$b = 0,51 \text{ T}$$

$$d = 0,1 \text{ m}$$

$$r = ?$$



$$\tan \beta = \frac{d}{r} \quad (*) \quad (1)$$

$$W = E_k$$

$$Q_k \cdot U = \frac{1}{2} m_k v^2 \quad (1)$$

$$2eU = \frac{1}{2} \cdot 4 m_p v^2 \Rightarrow eU = m_p v^2 \Rightarrow v = \sqrt{\frac{eU}{m_p}} \quad (1) \quad v = \underline{\underline{4,92 \cdot 10^6 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}}}}$$

$$F_m = Q_k v B$$

$$F_{cp} = m_k \cdot a, \quad a = \frac{v^2}{r}$$

$$F_m = F_{cp} \quad \frac{m_k v^2}{r} = Q_k v B \quad (2) \quad (1)$$

$$(1) \rightarrow (2)$$

$$\frac{4 m_p v^2}{r} = 2e v B \Rightarrow r = \frac{2 m_p v}{B e} = \frac{2 m_p}{B e} \cdot \sqrt{\frac{eU}{m_p}} = \frac{2}{B} \sqrt{\frac{m_p U}{e}} \quad (3) \quad (0,5)$$

$$r = \underline{\underline{0,199 \text{ m}}}$$

(5) \rightarrow (*)

$$\operatorname{tg} \beta = \frac{Bd}{2} \sqrt{\frac{e}{m\mu}}$$

$$\operatorname{tg} \beta = 0,150251 \quad \rightarrow \quad \boxed{\beta = 9,09'} \quad (1)$$